

Sustainability Balance Sheet			
	2024	2023	(1)
Financial capital			
Revenues (M€)	702	581	✓
Payment to Public Administrations (thousands of euros)	71.452	71.696	✓
Significant financial assistance received from governments (thousands of €)	0	165	✓
Natural capital			
Energy			
Energy consumption (GJ) (primary, electric and thermal) ⁽²⁾	15.091.230	13.135.246	✓
Energy consumption intensity (GJ)/Sales (thousands €)	21,47	22,62	✓
Emissions			
		2023	
Direct emissions (t CO2eq)	655.973	543.552	✓
Direct emissions from biomass (t CO2eq)	394.351	418.623	✓
Scope 2 indirect emissions (tCO2eq)	170.239	139.587	✓
Scope 3 indirect emissions (tCO2eq)	28908	73.921	
GHG emissions intensity (tCO2eq) / Sales (thousands €)	1,78	2,0	✓
Water catchment			
Desalinated water produced (m3)	85.292.357	113.656.961	✓
Seawater catchment (m3)	204.411.143	267.253.534	✓
Water withdrawal from other sources (m3)	5.359.463	2.197.525	✓
Waste			
Waste (t)	16.912	6.231	✓
Human capital			
	2024	2023	(1)
Job creation (%) ⁽³⁾	-8,6%	-	
Total voluntary turnover (%) ⁽³⁾	9,5	11,2	✓
Women in the workforce			
In management positions (%)	22	13	✓
In middle management (%)	17	19	✓
Occupational accidents			
Frequency index ⁽⁴⁾	6,38	5,64	✓
Seriousness index ⁽⁴⁾	0,08	0,09	✓
Occupational diseases by sex.	0	-	✓
Training			
Training hours per employee	60,6	45,8	✓
Social and relational capital			
	2024	2023	(1)
Suppliers			
Purchases from local suppliers (%)	91,95	78,93	✓
Compliance			
	2024	2023	(1)
FCPA compliance reviews that have been conducted	364	175	✓

(1) Indicators audited by an independent external auditor.

(2) Data calculated from purchases and generic emission factors.

(3) Job creation and turnover indicators are not considered in 2023 given the significant increase that occurred after the purchase of Abengoa's production units.

(4) The rates are for own employees and consider the number of accidents with and without sick leave.